

Preliminary Remarks



At least 80% of public and private decision-making is based on some spatial or geographic aspects

The ISO BULLETIN, July 2001

A balance between public and private interests in land use and land development requires measurable, objective, and traceable basic data

In accordance to the main topic of the 37th EFLUD symposium, August 2009

Geoinformation is part of the infrastructure of a country

Personal credo of authors



Content



O

- > "New" Dimensions in Geoinformation
- New Instruments, Methods, and Systems in Geoinformation
- ICT in Austrian Land Reform Authorities
 - Use of Technologies and of Data
 - Data Quality and Data Exchange
 - Competences and Educational Aspects
- Conclusions



"New" Dimensions: Spatial Aspects



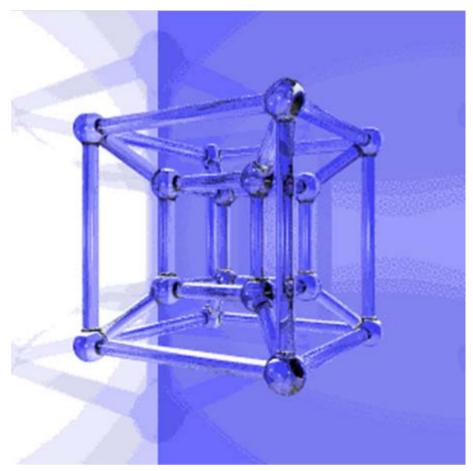


"3D instead of 2.5D"

Improved geometric resolution of objects

Improved thematic (radiometric und spectral) resolution of objects

Improved geometric and thematic accuracy of objects



Bilduelle: www.upload.wikimedia.org



"New" Dimensions: Time Aspects





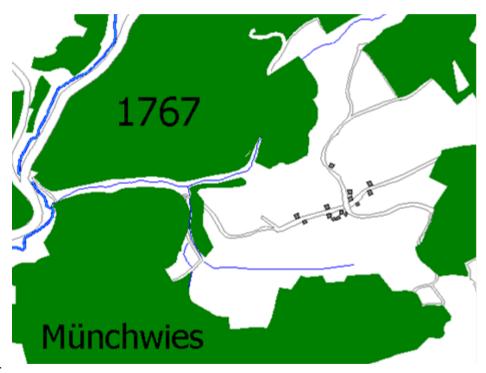
"Time Series"

Acquisition of high resolution natural data in real "real time"

Increased rates (increased frequency) of data acquisition (Automatisation)

Acquisition of temporal and spatial changes of nature (change detection)

Data acquisition methods independent from weather and light conditions



Bilduelle: www.muenchwies.de



"New" Dimensions: Virtuality





"Digital Earth"

Availability of geodata independent of time and position

Modelling & Simulations

Improved data exchange due to metadata & standards (standards)



Bildquelle: www.oneclinical.com



New Systems and Methods





Total Stations and GNSS



Laser Scanners

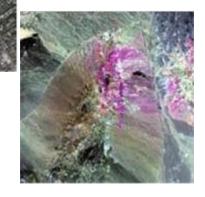


Semi- automatic and full-automatic image processing methods

Web-technology

GIS-Modelling & GIS simulations techniques







Total Stations



- Integrated Surveying Software (Coordinates)
- **Automatic Target Recognition (Reflector)**





Bildquellen: Homepage LEICA, SOKKIA, TRIMBLE



GNSS





- Improved Receiver and Antennas
- Countrywide Reference (Control) Stations
- High Accuracy Real Time Kinematic



75 an of 501 64 20 00.

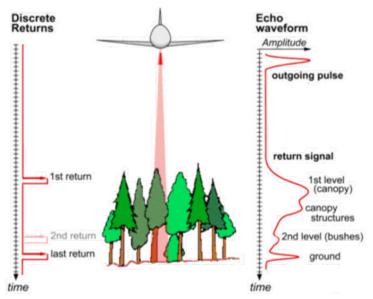


Laserscanning

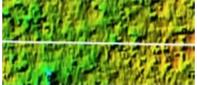


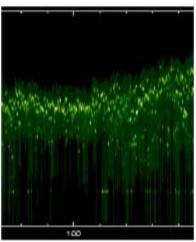


- High Acquisition Rate
 (Millionens of Points / Minute)
- High Point Density (up to 10 cm -Airborne)
- High Accuracy
 (± 10 cm Height Accuracy airborne)
- DTM & DOM (first / last pulse – multi-pulse)
- New Products:
 - City Models
 - True-Orthophotos
 - 3D-Visualisations
 - **.**..









Bildquellen: RIEGL - Litemapper



Digital Photogrammetry

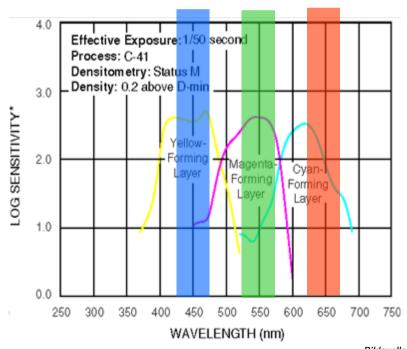


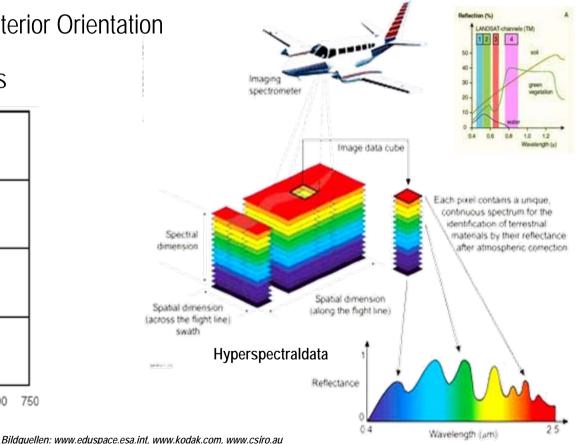


Improved spectral and radiometric resolution

Real-Time Measurement of Exterior Orientation

Automatic DSM Measurements





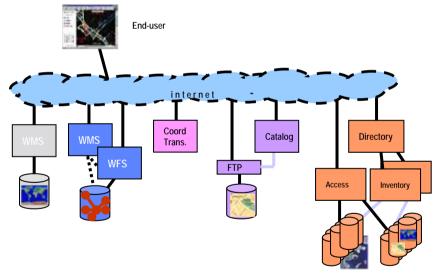


Web-Technologie & Web-GIS





- Improved Geodata Infrastructure
 - Availibility of Geodata (local, regional, national))
 - Interoperationality (Standards ISO 19100-Serie)
 - Metadata (ISO 19115; CSW 2.2)
- Decentralision of Information
- Real Time Access to Geodata
- Increase Interaktivity using Web 2.0 (Informations Exchange, Forums, Blogs, ...)



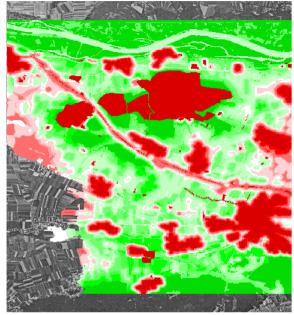
Bildquelle: M.Mittlböck

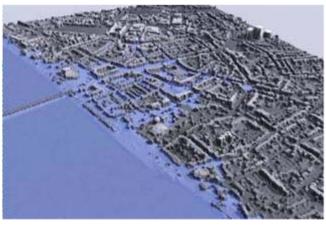


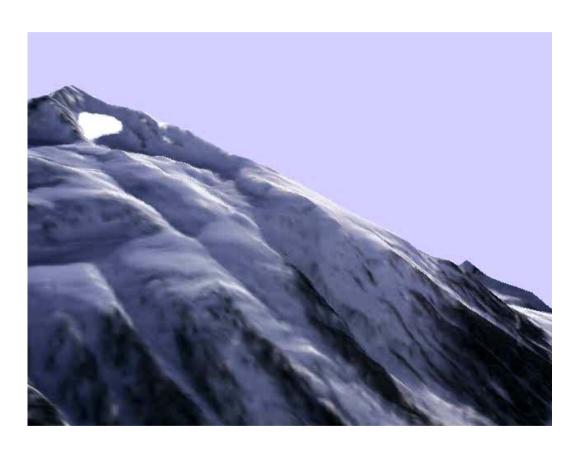
Modelling and Simulation











Bildquellen: www.galtuer.gv.at, www.geolas.com, www.uni-kassel.de, BOKU-IVFL



The Project



Title

Use of geoinformation and of modern ICT to improve the efficiency of land reform (LC) processes

Objective

Investigation on the competence and on the intensity in the use of geoinformation and of modern ICT at Austrian and Hungarian Land Reform Authorities(LC)

Partners

Persity of Natural Resources and Applied Life Sciences Vienna – Department of scape, Spatial and Infrastructure Sciences

Reinfried MANSBERGER, Walter SEHER

University of West Hungary – Faculty of Geoinformation, Székesfehérvár GOMBAS Katalin, KATONA János, NYIRI Judit, PODÖR Andrea, UDVARDY Péter

financed by the Austrian - Hungarian Action





Approach of Implementation: Methodology





Input: Output:

REALITY CHECK

ANALYSIS

FINAL REPORT
Conclusion
Recommendations

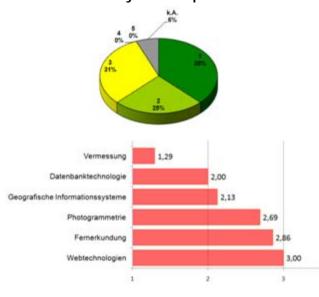
Methodology:

- Questionnaire
 - Interviews
- · On-site visits



Methodology:

Analysis of Input



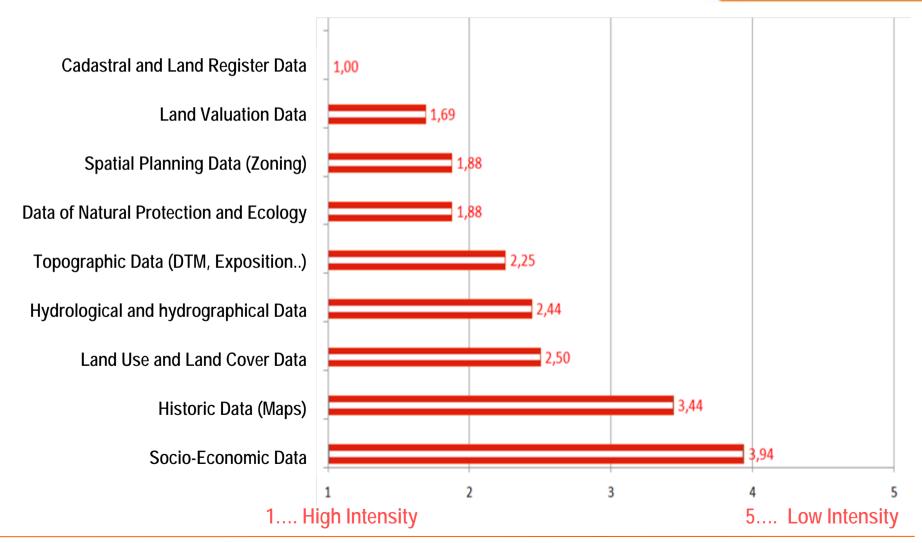




Use of Geodata: Intensity of Use of Specific Geodata at LRA



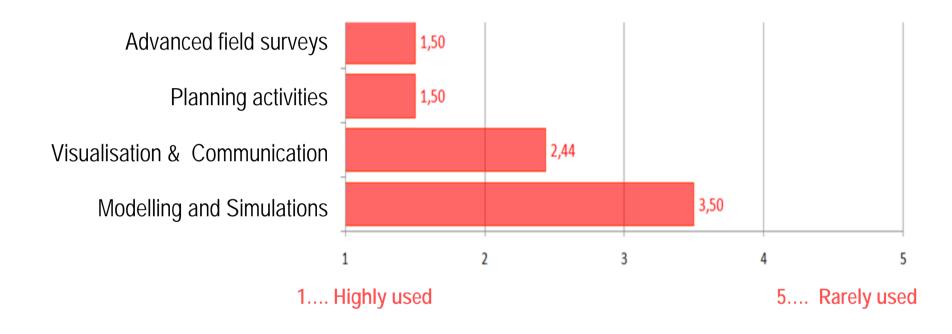






ICT and Geodata Applications

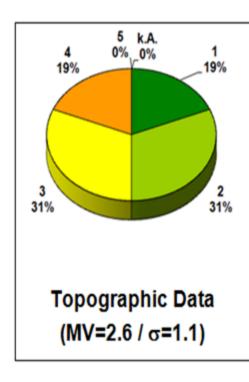


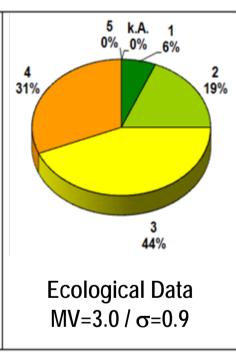


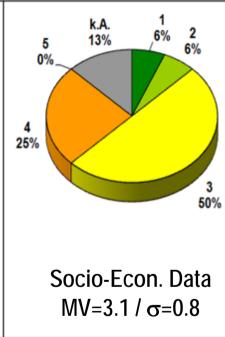
Use of Geodata:

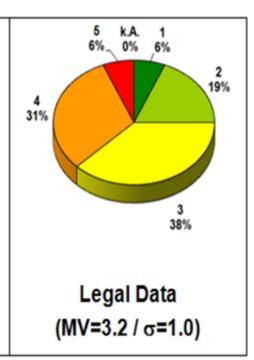
Potential for Improvement of Data Quality ¹











1 High Potential

5.... Low Potential

k.A.... No Answer

¹ accuracy, resolution

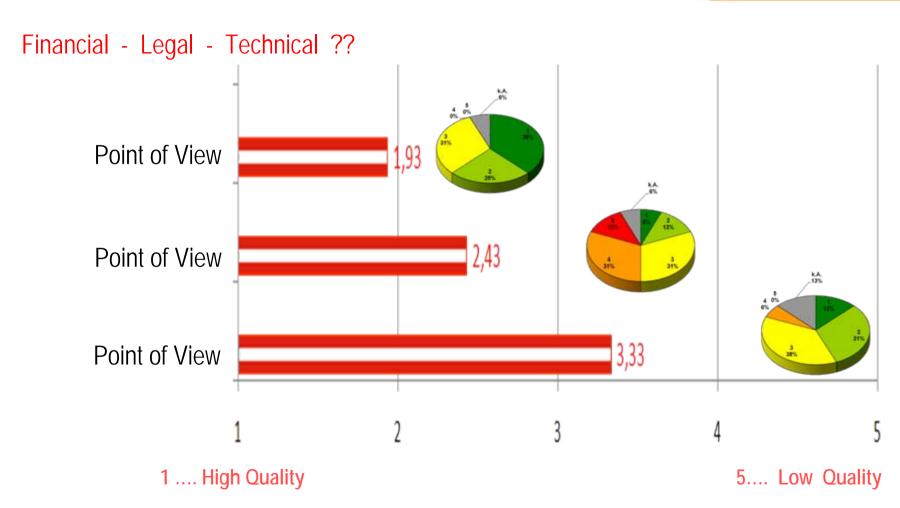


Use of Geodata:

Quality of Data Exchange with other Institutions







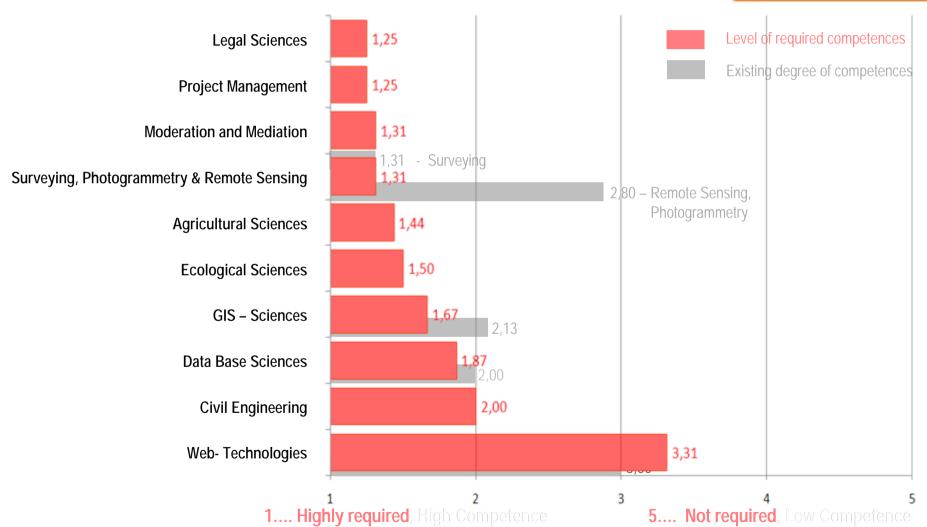


Knowledge for LC Processes:

Required Competences – Existing Competences









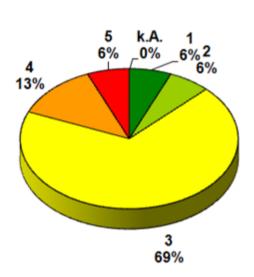
Education & Training

Education meeting Requirements for LCA



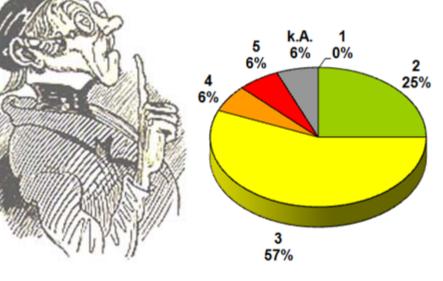






 $(MW = 2.8 / \sigma = 0.8)$

Continuous Professional Development



 $(MW = 3.1 / \sigma = 0.9)$

1 High Satisfaction

5.... Low Satisfaction

k.A. ... No Answer



Conclusions and Recommendations



- Various geodata are required and used in an extended way for land consolidation processes
- Improved availability and improved (geometric, thematic, temporal) resolution of geodata
- Land Surveying (incl. Remote Sensing & GIS) is an essential task in LC projects
- High potential for the use of GIS modelling techniques and modern communication technologies at Land Reform Authorities
- Data exchange between public institution has to be improved (especially from a financial point of view) – INSPIRE?
- Academic education and training as well as continuous professional development (CPD / LLL) in the field of geoinformation & ICT has to be improved



What remains to be said









Questions?















University of Natural Resources and Applied Life Sciences Department of Landscape, Spatial and Infrastructure Sciences Peter Jordanstrasse 82



Asst.Prof. DI. Dr. Reinfried MANSBERGER Institute of Surveying, Remote Sensing and Land Information

Tel.: +43 1 47654-5115

mansberger@boku.ac.at



Asst.Prof. DI. Dr. Walter SEHER
Institute of Spatial Planning and Rural Development

Tel.: +43 1 47654-5360 walter.seher@boku.ac.at